

**SBI+IBPS Computer Capsule-2**

1. Multi user systems provided cost savings for small business because they use a single processing unit to link several
  - A) Personal computers
  - B) Workstations
  - C) Dumb terminals
  - D) Mainframes
2. What are the three decisions making operations performed by the ALU of a computer?
  - A) Grater than
  - B) Less than
  - C) Equal to
  - D) All of the above
3. The word processing task associated with changing the appearance of a document is
  - A) Editing
  - B) Writing
  - C) Formatting
  - D) All of above
4. Nepal brought a computer for census of 2028 BS. This computer was of
  - A) first generation
  - B) second generation
  - C) third generation
  - D) fourth generation
5. Algorithm and Flow chart help us to
  - A) Know the memory capacity
  - B) Identify the base of a number system
  - C) Direct the output to a printer
  - D) Specify the problem completely and clearly
6. Which statement is valid about computer program?
  - A) It is understood by a computer
  - B) It is understood by programmer
  - C) It is understood user
  - D) Both a & b
7. The difference between memory and storage is that memory is and storage is
  - A) Temporary, permanent
  - B) Permanent, temporary
  - C) Slow, fast
  - D) All of above
8. When was Pascaline invented?
  - A) 1617
  - B) 1620
  - C) 1642
  - D) 1837
9. Which of the following statement is valid?
  - A) Lady Augusta is the first programmer
  - B) Ada is the daughter of Lord Byron, a famous English poet
  - C) ADA is a programming language developed by US Defense
  - D) All of above
10. A compiler is a translating program which
  - A) Translates instruction of a high level language into machine language
  - B) Translates entire source program into machine language program
  - C) It is not involved in program's execution
  - D) All of above
11. What is required when more than one person uses a central computer at the same time?
  - A) Light pen
  - B) Mouse
  - C) Digitizer
  - D) Terminal
12. Which of the following is the first computer to use Stored Program Concept?
  - A) UNIVAC
  - B) ENIAC
  - C) EDSAC
  - D) None of above
13. The term gigabyte refers to
  - A) 1024 bytes
  - B) 1024 kilobytes
  - C) 1024 megabytes
  - D) 1024 gigabyte
14. in which year was UK's premier computing event started?
  - A) 1980
  - B) 1985
  - C) 1986
  - D) 1987
15. Once you load the suitable program and provide required data, computer does not need human intervention. This feature is known as
  - A) Accuracy
  - B) Reliability
  - C) Versatility
  - D) Automatic
16. What is a brand?
  - A) The name of companies that made computers
  - B) The name of product a company gives to identify its product in market
  - C) A name of class to indicate all similar products from different companies
  - D) All of above
17. Machine language is
  - A) Machine dependent
  - B) Difficult to program
  - C) Error prone
  - D) All of above
18. A byte consists of
  - A) One bit
  - B) Four bits
  - C) Eight bits
  - D) Sixteen bits
19. Modern Computers are very reliable but they are not
  - A) Fast
  - B) Powerful
  - C) Infallible
  - D) Cheap
20. What is the date when Babbage conceived Analytical engine
  - A) 1642
  - B) 1837
  - C) 1880
  - D) 1850
21. What was the expected feature of fifth generation computers when Japan started FGCS?
  - A) Operating Systems
  - B) Parallel Processing
  - C) ULSI
  - D) None of above
22. Which of the following memory medium is not used as main memory system?
  - A) Magnetic core
  - B) Semiconductor
  - C) Magnetic tape
  - D) Both semiconductor and magnetic tape
23. The storage subsystem in a microcomputer consists mainly of or media with varying capacities
  - A) Memory or video
  - B) Magnetic or optical
  - C) Optical or memory
  - D) Video or magnetic
24. Programs designed to perform specific tasks is known as
  - A) system software
  - B) application software
  - C) utility programs
  - D) operating system
25. Computer operators
  - A) writes computer programs for specific problems
  - B) operate the device which input and output data from the computer
  - C) normally require a college degree in computer science
  - D) all of the above
26. Which of the following is not anti-viruses software?
  - A) NAV
  - B) F-Prot
  - C) Oracle
  - D) McAfee
27. What is a compiler?
  - A) A compiler does a conversion line by line as the program is run
  - B) A compiler converts the whole of a higher level program code into machine code in one step
  - C) A compiler is a general purpose language providing very efficient execution
  - D) None of the above
28. computers are also called personal computers
  - A) Mainframe Computer
  - B) Mini Computers
  - C) Micro Computers
  - D) Super Computers
29. Which of the following is not input unit device?
  - A) scanner
  - B) camera
  - C) plotter
  - D) digitizer
30. Identify the correct statement
  - A) IBM PCs used RISC CPU designs
  - B) Macintosh used CISC CPU design
  - C) IBM used CISC CPU design
  - D) None of above is true
31. Which of the following statement is false?
  - A) Mechanical analog computers have existed for thousands of years
  - B) There are mechanical analog computers and electronic analog computers.
  - C) All electronic computers are digital computers
  - D) All of above are false
32. Which of the following require large computers memory?
  - A) Imaging
  - B) Graphics
  - C) Voice
  - D) All of Above
33. Which of the following is machine independence program?
  - A) High level language
  - B) Low level language
  - C) Assembly language
  - D) Machine language
34. When was the first electro-mechanical computer developed?
  - A) 1880
  - B) 1990
  - C) 1944
  - D) None of above
35. The first machine to successfully perform a long series of arithmetic and logical operations was:
  - A) ENIAC
  - B) Mark-I
  - C) Analytic Engine
  - D) UNIVAC-1
36. Which one is the largest space?
  - A) kilobyte
  - B) petabyte
  - C) terabyte
  - D) gigabyte
37. FORTRAN programming language is more suitable for
  - A) Business Applications
  - B) Marketing Applications
  - C) Scientific Applications
  - D) None of the above
38. The brain of any computer system is
  - A) Control Unit
  - B) Arithmetic Logic Unit
  - C) Central Processing Unit
  - D) Storage Unit
39. Analog computer works on the supply of
  - A) Continuous electrical pulses
  - B) Electrical pulses but not continuous
  - C) Magnetic strength
  - D) None of the above

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40. An error in software or hardware is called a bug. What is the alternative computer jargon for it?  
A) Leech B) Squid C) Slug D) Glitch
41. The advantage of COM are its and  
A) Compact size; speed readability B) Compact size, speed  
C) Readability; speed D) Low cost; readability
42. The BIOS is the abbreviation of  
A) Basic Input Output System B) Best Input Output System  
C) Basic Input Output Symbol D) Base Input Output System
43. Which printer is very commonly used for desktop publishing?  
A) Laser printer B) Inkjet printer  
C) Daisywheel printer D) Dot matrix printer
44. IBM 1401 is  
A) First Generation Computer B) Second Generation Computer  
C) Third Generation Computer D) Fourth Generation Computer
45. Most of the first generation computers were  
A) Special purpose computers B) General purpose computers  
C) Both of above D) None of above
46. Floppy disks typically in diameter  
A) 3 B) 5.25 C) 8 D) All of above
47. The output quality of a printer is measured by  
A) Dot per inch B) Dot per sq. inch  
C) Dots printed per unit time D) All of above
48. On a PC, how much memory is available to application software?  
A) 1024 KB B) 760 KB C) 640 KB D) 560 KB
49. In a computer is capable to store single binary bit.  
A) Capacitor B) Flip flop C) Register D) Inductor
50. What does DMA stand for?  
A) Distinct Memory Access B) Direct Memory Access C) Direct  
Module Access D) Direct Memory Allocation
51. Who invented Integrated Circuits?  
A) Jack Kilby B) Robert Noyce C) Both of above D) None of above
52. Operating system, editors, and debuggers comes under?  
A) System Software B) Application Software  
C) Utilities D) None of the above
53. One computer that is not considered a portable is  
A) Minicomputer B) Laptop computer  
C) Notebook computer D) All of above
54. Which of the following is not an electronic computer?  
A) ENIAC B) ABC C) UNIVAC D) EDVAC
55. What is the name of the display feature that highlights are of the screen which requires operator attention?  
A) Pixel B) Reverse video C) Touch screen D) Cursor
56. Which is the largest computer?  
A) Mainframe Computer B) Mini Computers  
C) Micro Computers D) Super Computers
57. Which of the following are the best units of data on an external storage device?  
A) Bits B) Bytes C) Hertz D) Clock cycles
58. The personal computer industry was started by  
A) IBM B) Apple C) Compaq D) HCL
59. What is meant by a dedicated computer?  
A) Which is used by one person only  
B) Which is assigned one and only one task  
C) Which uses one kind of software  
D) Which is meant for application software
60. Which programming languages are classified as low level languages?  
A) Basic, COBOL, FORTRAN B) Prolog 2, Expert Systems  
C) Knowledge based Systems D) Assembly Languages
61. What was the main disadvantage of vacuum tubes?  
A) They were larger in size B) They consumed a lot of electricity  
C) They produced heat and often burned out D) The operation cost was high
62. Registers, which are partially visible to users and used to hold conditional, are known as  
A) PC B) Memory address registers C) General purpose register  
D) Flags
63. Which is not a computer of first generation?  
A) ENIAC B) UNIVAC C) IBM 360 D) IBM 1401
64. Registers which are partially visible to users and used to hold conditional codes (bits set by the CPU hardware as the result of operations), are known as  
A) PC B) Flags C) Memory Address Registers D) General Purpose Registers
65. Who invented vacuum tubes?  
A) John Bardeen B) William Shockley  
C) Lee de Forest D) All of above
66. An approach that permits the computer to work on several programs instead of one is  
A) On-line thesaurus B) Multiprogramming  
C) Over lapped processing D) Outline processor
67. Who suggested Stored Program Concept  
A) John Mauchley B) J.P. Eckert  
C) John Neumann D) Joseph Jacquard
68. The central processing unit (CPU) consists of  
A) Input, output and processing B) Control unit, primary storage, and secondary storage  
C) Control unit, arithmetic-logic unit and primary storage  
D) Control unit, processing, and primary storage
69. The notable features like keyboards, monitors, GUI were developed in  
A) First generation B) Second generation  
C) Third generation D) Fourth generation
70. UNIVAC is  
A) Universal Automatic Computer B) Universal Array Computer  
C) Unique Automatic Computer D) Unvalued Automatic Computer
71. Which is the highest form?  
A) Data B) Information C) Knowledge D) All of above
72. Who is credited with the idea of using punch cards to control patterns in a waving machine?  
A) Pascal B) Hollerith C) Babbage D) Jacquard
73. What is an interpreter?  
A) An interpreter does the conversion line by line as the program is Run  
B) An interpreter is the representation of the system being designed  
C) An interpreter is a general purpose language providing very efficient execution  
D) None of the above
74. Which is a semi conductor memory?  
A) Dynamic B) Static C) Bubble D) Both a & b
75. RJ45 UTP cable has Cables.  
A) 2 pair B) 3 pair C) 4 pair D) 5 pair
76. Which of the following is not a valid size of a Floppy Disk?  
A) 8? B) 5 ¼? C) 3 ½? D) 5 ½?
77. The earliest calculating devices are  
A) Abacus B) Clock  
C) Difference Engine D) None of these
78. Word length of a Personal Computer is  
A) 4 bits B) 8 bits  
C) 16 bits D) 64 bits
79. What was the first computer to perform all calculation using electronics rather than wheels, ratchets, or mechanical switches?  
A) Mark I B) ABC C) Z3 D) None of above
80. A directly accessible appointment calendar is feature of a resident package  
A) CPU B) Memory C) Buffer D) ALU

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1-C	2-D	3-C	4-B	5-D	6-D	7-A
	8-C	9-D	10-D			
11-D	12-C	13-C	14-A	15-D	16-B	17-D
	18-C	19-C	20-B			
21-B	22-C	23-B	24-B	25-B	26-C	27-B
	28-C	29-C	30-C			
31-C	32-D	33-A	34-C	35-B	36-B	37-C
	38-C	39-A	40-D			
41-A	42-A	43-A	44-B	45-A	46-D	47-B
	48-C	49-B	50-B			
51-C	52-A	53-A	54-B	55-B	56-A	57-B
	58-A	59-B	60-D			
61-C	62-C	63-D	64-B	65-C	66-C	67-C
	68-C	69-C	70-A			
71-C	72-D	73-B	74-D	75-C	76-D	77-A
	78-B	79-B	80-B			